

BFKL and double-logarithmic resummations in $N = 4$ SUSY

Lev N. Lipatov

Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute

Hamburg University

Content

1. Gluon reggeization
2. BFKL equation
3. Integrability
4. Pomeron in $N = 4$
5. Pomeron and graviton
6. Maximal transcendentality
7. Meromorphic properties
8. Double logarithms
9. Four-loop result (KLRSV)
10. Singularities in 4-loops
11. Discussion

1 Gluon reggeization

Mandelstam variables

$$s = (p_A + p_B)^2, \quad t = (p_A - p_{A'})^2, \quad u = (p_A - p_{B'})^2$$

Regge kinematics

$$s = 4E^2 \gg -t = |q|^2 \approx E^2 \theta^2$$

QCD Born amplitude

$$M_{AB}^{A'B'}(s, t)|_{Born} = g T_{A'A}^c \delta_{\lambda_{A'} \lambda_A} \frac{2s}{t} g T_{B'B}^c \delta_{\lambda_{B'} \lambda_B}$$

Leading logarithmic approximation

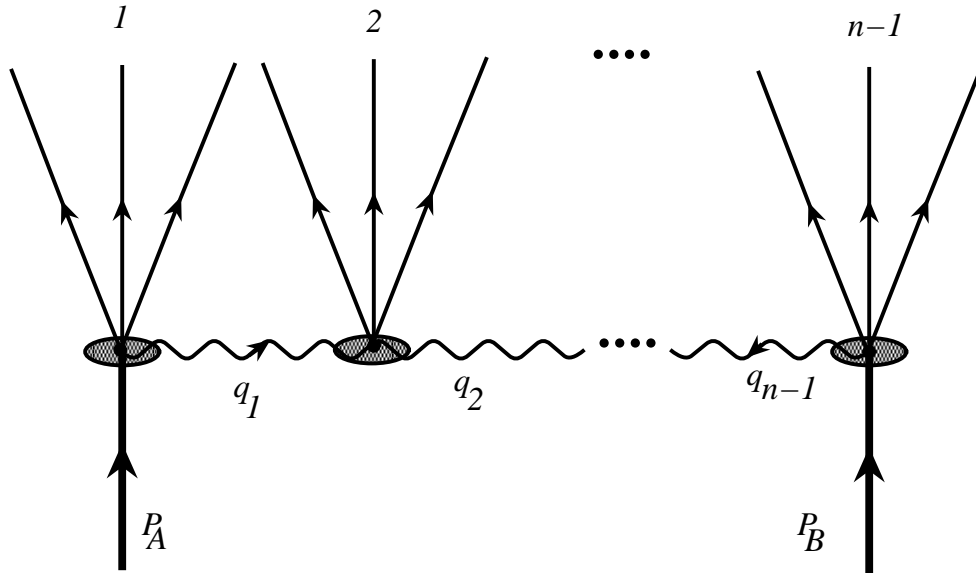
$$M_{AB}^{A'B'}(s, t) = M_{AB}^{A'B'}(s, t)|_{Born} s^{\omega(t)},$$

$$\alpha_s \ln s \sim 1, \quad \alpha_s = \frac{g^2}{4\pi} \ll 1$$

Gluon Regge trajectory in LLA

$$\omega(-|q|^2) = -\frac{\alpha_s N_c}{4\pi^2} \int d^2k \frac{|q|^2}{|k|^2 |q-k|^2} \approx -\frac{\alpha_s N_c}{2\pi} \ln \frac{|q|^2}{\lambda^2}$$

2 Inelastic amplitudes



Gluon production amplitude in LLA

$$M_{2 \rightarrow 1+n} \sim \frac{s_1^{\omega_1}}{|q_1|^2} g T_{c_2 c_1}^{d_1} C(q_2, q_1) \frac{s_2^{\omega_2}}{|q_2|^2} \dots C(q_n, q_{n-1}) \frac{s_n^{\omega_n}}{|q_n|^2}$$

Multi-Regge kinematics

$$s \gg s_r = (k_{r-1} + k_r)^2 \gg |q_r|^2, \quad C(q_{r+1}, q_r) = \frac{q_{r+1} q_r^*}{k_r^*}$$

3 BFKL equation (1975)

Impact parameter coordinates and momenta

$$\rho_k = x_k + iy_k, \quad \rho_k^* = x_k - iy_k, \quad p_k = i \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho_k}, \quad p_k^* = i \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho_k^*}$$

Balitsky-Fadin-Kuraev-Lipatov equation

$$E \Psi(\vec{\rho}_1, \vec{\rho}_2) = H_{12} \Psi(\vec{\rho}_1, \vec{\rho}_2), \quad \Delta = -\frac{\alpha_s N_c}{2\pi} E$$

BFKL Hamiltonian

$$H_{12} = \ln |p_1 p_2|^2 + \frac{1}{p_1 p_2^*} (\ln |\rho_{12}|^2) p_1 p_2^* \\ + \frac{1}{p_1^* p_2} (\ln |\rho_{12}|^2) p_1^* p_2 - 4\psi(1), \quad \rho_{12} = \rho_1 - \rho_2$$

Möbius invariance and conformal weights (L. (1986))

$$\rho_k \rightarrow \frac{a\rho_k + b}{c\rho_k + d},$$

$$m = \gamma + n/2, \quad \tilde{m} = \gamma - n/2, \quad \gamma = 1/2 + i\nu$$

Bartels-Kwiecinski-Praszalowicz equation (1980)

$$E \Psi(\vec{\rho}_1, \dots, \vec{\rho}_n) = H \Psi(\vec{\rho}_1, \dots, \vec{\rho}_n), \quad H = \sum_{k < l} \frac{\vec{T}_k \vec{T}_l}{-N_c} H_{kl}$$

4 Integrability (1993)

Holomorphic factorization for $N_c \rightarrow \infty$ (L. (1988))

$$\Psi(\vec{\rho}_1, \vec{\rho}_2, \dots, \vec{\rho}_n) = \sum_{r,s} a_{r,s} \Psi_r(\rho_1, \dots, \rho_n) \Psi_s(\rho_1^*, \dots, \rho_n^*)$$

Duality symmetry (L. (1998))

$$\rho_{r,r+1} \rightarrow p_r \rightarrow \rho_{r-1,r}$$

Simplest integral of motion

$$A = q_n = \rho_{12}\rho_{23}\dots\rho_{n1} p_1 p_2 \dots p_n, \quad [h, A] = 0$$

Transfer and monodromy matrices (L. (1993))

$$T(u) = \text{tr } t(u), \quad t(u) = L_1 L_2 \dots L_n = \sum_{r=0}^n u^{n-r} q_r,$$

$$L_k = \begin{pmatrix} u + \rho_k p_k & p_k \\ -\rho_k^2 p_k & u - \rho_k p_k \end{pmatrix}, \quad \hat{l} = u \hat{1} + i \hat{P}$$

Yang-Baxter equation (L. (1993))

$$t_{r'_1}^{s_1}(u) t_{r'_2}^{s_2}(v) l_{r_1 r_2}^{r'_1 r'_2}(v-u) = l_{s'_1 s'_2}^{s_1 s_2}(v-u) t_{r_2}^{s'_2}(v) t_{r_1}^{s'_1}(u)$$

5 Pomeron in $N = 4$ SUSY

BFKL kernel in two loops (F., L. (1998))

$$\omega = 4\hat{a} \chi(n, \gamma) + 4\hat{a}^2 \Delta(n, \gamma), \quad \hat{a} = g^2 N_c / (16\pi^2),$$

$$\chi(n, \gamma) = 2\Psi(1) - \Psi(\gamma + |n|/2) - \Psi(1 - \gamma + |n|/2)$$

Non-analytic terms in QCD (K.,L. (2000))

$$\Delta_{QCD}(n, \gamma) = c_0 \delta_{n,0} + c_2 \delta_{n,2} + \dots$$

Hermitian separability in $N = 4$ SUSY (K.,L. (2000))

$$\Delta(n, \gamma) = \phi(M) + \phi(M^*) - \frac{\rho(M) + \rho(M^*)}{2\hat{a}/\omega}, \quad M = \gamma + \frac{|n|}{2},$$

$$\rho(M) = \beta'(M) + \frac{1}{2}\zeta(2), \quad \beta'(z) = \frac{1}{4} \left[\Psi'\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \Psi'\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) \right]$$

Maximal transcendentality (K.,L. (2002))

$$\phi(M) = 3\zeta(3) + \Psi''(M) - 2\Phi(M) + 2\beta'(M) \left(\Psi(1) - \Psi(M) \right)$$

$$\Phi(M) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k+M} \left(\Psi'(k+1) - \frac{\Psi(k+1) - \Psi(1)}{k+M} \right)$$

6 Pomeron and graviton

BFKL Pomeron in a diffusion approximation

$$j = 2 - \Delta - D \nu^2$$

Anomalous dimension of twist-2 operators

$$\gamma = 1 + \frac{j-2}{2} + i\nu$$

Constraint from the conservation of $T_{\mu\nu}$

$$\gamma = (j-2) \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1/\Delta}{1 + \sqrt{1 + (j-2)/\Delta}} \right)$$

AdS/CFT for the graviton Regge trajectory

$$j = 2 + \frac{\alpha'}{2} t, \quad t = E^2/R^2, \quad \alpha' = \frac{R^2}{2} \Delta$$

Gubser, Klebanov and Polyakov prediction

$$\gamma|_{z, j \rightarrow \infty} = -\sqrt{j-2} \Delta|_{j \rightarrow \infty}^{-1/2} = \sqrt{\pi j} z^{1/4}$$

Pomeron intercept at large α (K.,L.,O.,V.)

$$j = 2 - \Delta, \quad \Delta = \frac{1}{\pi} z^{-1/2} \approx \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\pi} z^{-1/2},$$

See also: Polchinsky, Strassler, Brower, C-I Tan

7 One-loop anomalous dimension in $N = 4$ SUSY

Anomalous dimension matrix (L. (1997))

$$\gamma_{gg} = -\frac{8}{j-1} + \frac{8}{j} - \frac{8}{j+1} + \frac{8}{j+2} + 8S_1(j), \quad \gamma_{q\varphi} = -\frac{16}{j},$$

$$\gamma_{gq} = -\frac{8}{j-1} + \frac{8}{j} - \frac{4}{j+1}, \quad \gamma_{g\varphi} = -\frac{8}{j-1} + \frac{8}{j},$$

$$\gamma_{qg} = -\frac{16}{j} + \frac{32}{j+1} - \frac{32}{j+2}, \quad \gamma_{qq} = -\frac{16}{j} + \frac{16}{j+1} + 8S_1(j),$$

$$\gamma_{\varphi g} = -\frac{24}{j+1} + \frac{24}{j+2}, \quad \gamma_{\varphi q} = -\frac{12}{j+1}, \quad \gamma_{\varphi\varphi} = 8S_1(j),$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{gg} = -\frac{16}{j} + \frac{16}{j+1} + 8S_1(j), \quad \tilde{\gamma}_{gq} = -\frac{8}{j} + \frac{4}{j+1},$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{qg} = \frac{16}{j} - \frac{32}{j+1}, \quad \tilde{\gamma}_{qq} = \frac{8}{j} - \frac{8}{j+1} + 8S_1(j)$$

Diagonalization in the Born Approximation

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc} S_1(j-2) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_1(j) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_1(j+2) \end{array} \right|, \quad \left| \begin{array}{cc} S_1(j-1) & 0 \\ 0 & S_1(j+1) \end{array} \right|$$

Integrable Heisenberg spin model (L. (1997))

8 Maximal transcendentality

Most transcendental functions (K.,L. (2002))

$$\gamma(j) = \hat{a}\gamma_1(j) + \hat{a}^2\gamma_2(j) + \hat{a}^3\gamma_3(j) + \dots, \quad \gamma_1(j+2) = -4S_1(j)$$

Two-loop dimension (K.,L.,V. (2003))

$$\frac{\gamma_2(j+2)}{8} = 2S_1(S_2 + S_{-2}) - 2S_{-2,1} + S_3 + S_{-3}$$

Three-loop dimension (K.,L.,O.,V. (2004))

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_3(j+2)/32 = & -12(S_{-3,1,1} + S_{-2,1,2} + S_{-2,2,1}) \\ & +6(S_{-4,1} + S_{-3,2} + S_{-2,3}) - 3S_{-5} - 2S_3S_{-2} - S_5 \\ & -2S_1^2(3S_{-3} + S_3 - 2S_{-2,1}) - S_2(S_{-3} + S_3 - 2S_{-2,1}) \\ & +24S_{-2,1,1,1} - S_1(8S_{-4} + S_{-2}^2 + 4S_2S_{-2} + 2S_2^2) \\ & -S_1(3S_4 - 12S_{-3,1} - 10S_{-2,2} + 16S_{-2,1,1}), \end{aligned}$$

$$S_a(j) = \sum_{m=1}^j \frac{1}{m^a}, \quad S_{a,b,c,\dots}(j) = \sum_{m=1}^j \frac{1}{m^a} S_{b,c,\dots}(m),$$

$$S_{-a}(j) = \sum_{m=1}^j \frac{(-1)^m}{m^a}, \quad S_{-a,b,\dots}(j) = \sum_{m=1}^j \frac{(-1)^m}{m^a} S_{b,\dots}(m),$$

$$\overline{S}_{-a,b,c,\dots}(j) = (-1)^j S_{-a,b,\dots}(j) + S_{-a,b,\dots}(\infty) \left(1 - (-1)^j\right)$$

9 Meromorphic properties

BFKL prediction at $j = 1 + \omega \rightarrow 1$

$$\gamma(j) = 4\frac{\hat{a}}{\omega} + 0\frac{\hat{a}^2}{\omega} + 32\zeta_3\frac{\hat{a}^3}{\omega} - 16\left(32\zeta_3 + \frac{\pi^4}{9}\omega\right)\frac{\hat{a}^4}{\omega^4} + \dots$$

Poles of $\gamma(j)$ at $j + r = \omega \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{\gamma_1(j)}{4} = \frac{1}{\omega} - S_1(r+1) - \omega(S_2(r+1) + \zeta_2) + \dots,$$

$$\frac{\gamma_2(j)}{16} = \frac{1 + (-1)^r}{2\omega^3} - S_1(r+1)\frac{1 + (-1)^r}{\omega^2} - \frac{\zeta_2 + (-1)^r(\zeta_2 + 2S_2(r+1))}{2\omega} + \dots,$$

$$\frac{\gamma_3(j)}{64} = \frac{1 + (-1)^r}{\omega^5} - 2S_1(r+1)\frac{1 + 2(-1)^r}{\omega^4} - \frac{\frac{S_2}{2} - S_1^2 - S_{-2} + 2\zeta_2 + (-1)^r(\frac{5}{2}S_2 - 3S_1^2 + 2\zeta_2)}{\omega^3} + \dots$$

Effective parameter of the expansion

$$x = \frac{\hat{a}}{\omega^2}$$

Different singularities for even and odd r

$$\gamma(j)_{j \rightarrow -(2k)} = \frac{\hat{a}}{\omega} a(x), \quad \gamma(j)_{j \rightarrow -(2k+1)} = \frac{4\hat{a}}{\omega} + O\left(\frac{\hat{a}^2}{\omega^2}\right)$$

10 Double logarithms

Double-logarithmic approximation

$$A(s) = A_{Born} f(\rho), \quad f(\rho) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} c_k \rho^{2k}, \quad \rho^2 = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \ln^2(s)$$

Example: $e\bar{e}$ -backward scattering (GGLF, (1967))

$$f(\rho) = \int_{-i\infty}^{i\infty} \frac{dl}{2\pi i} e^{\rho l} \frac{d}{dl} \ln D_{-\frac{1}{4}}(l), \quad l = \frac{j}{\sqrt{2\alpha/\pi}}$$

Ansatz for ep structure functions

$$W(x, Q^2) = \int_{-i\infty}^{i\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi i} x^{-\omega} \int_{-i\infty}^{i\infty} \left(\frac{Q^2}{\lambda^2} \right)^{\gamma} \phi_{\omega}(\gamma)$$

DL evolution equations in λ (KL (1986))

Positive signature in $N = 4$:

$$\gamma_+(\omega - \gamma_+) = 4 \hat{a}$$

Negative signature in $N = 4$:

$$\gamma_-(\omega - \gamma_-) = 4 \hat{a} - 8 \frac{\hat{a}}{\omega} \gamma_8,$$

$$\gamma_8(\omega - \gamma_8) = 2 \hat{a} + 2 \hat{a} \frac{d}{d\omega} \gamma_8$$

11 Four-loop result (KLRSV)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\gamma_4}{256} = & \mathbf{4S}_{-7} + \mathbf{6S}_7 + 2(S_{-3,1,3} + S_{-3,2,2} + S_{-3,3,1} + S_{-2,4,1}) \\
 & + 3(-S_{-2,5} + S_{-2,3,-2}) + 4(S_{-2,1,4} - S_{-2,-2,-2,1} - S_{-2,1,2,-2} \\
 & - S_{-2,2,1,-2} - S_{1,-2,1,3} - S_{1,-2,2,2} - S_{1,-2,3,1}) + 5(-S_{-3,4} + \\
 & S_{-2,-2,-3}) + 6(-S_{5,-2} + S_{1,-2,4} - S_{-2,-2,1,-2} - S_{1,-2,-2,-2}) \\
 & + 7(-S_{-2,-5} + S_{-3,-2,-2} + S_{-2,-3,-2} + S_{-2,-2,3}) + 8(S_{-4,1,2} \\
 & + S_{-4,2,1} - S_{-5,-2} - S_{-4,3} - S_{-2,1,-2,-2} + S_{1,-2,1,1,-2}) + \\
 & 9S_{3,-2,-2} - 10S_{1,-2,2,-2} + 11S_{-3,2,-2} + 12(S_{-2,2,-3} - S_{-6,1} \\
 & + S_{1,4,-2} + S_{4,-2,1} + S_{4,1,-2} - S_{-3,1,1,-2} - S_{-2,2,-2,1} - \\
 & S_{1,1,2,3} - S_{1,1,3,-2} - S_{1,1,3,2} - S_{1,2,1,3} - S_{1,2,2,-2} - \\
 & S_{1,2,2,2} - S_{1,2,3,1} - S_{1,3,1,-2} - S_{1,3,1,2} - S_{1,3,2,1} - \\
 & S_{2,-2,1,2} - S_{2,-2,2,1} - S_{2,1,1,3} - S_{2,1,2,-2} - S_{2,1,2,2} - \\
 & S_{2,1,3,1} - S_{2,2,1,-2} - S_{2,2,1,2} - S_{2,2,2,1} - S_{2,3,1,1} - S_{3,1,1,-2} - \\
 & S_{3,1,1,2} - S_{3,1,2,1} - S_{3,2,1,1}) + 13S_{2,-2,3} - 14S_{2,-2,1,-2} \\
 & + \dots \\
 & + \dots \\
 & - 72S_{1,1,1,-4} - 80S_{1,1,-4,1} - \zeta(\mathbf{3})\mathbf{S}_1(\mathbf{S}_3 - \mathbf{S}_{-3} + \mathbf{2S}_{-2,1})
 \end{aligned}$$

12 Singularities in 4-loops

BFKL prediction for γ in 4 loops

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow 1} \gamma_4(j) = -16 \left(32\zeta_3 + \frac{\pi^4}{9}\omega \right) \frac{\hat{a}^4}{\omega^4} + \dots$$

Asymptotic Bethe ansatz result (KLRV)

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow 1} \gamma_4(j) = -\frac{512}{\omega^7}$$

Dressing phase modification (Wrapping effect)

$$\zeta_3 \rightarrow \frac{47}{24} \zeta_3 - \frac{1}{4} S_{-3} + \frac{3}{4} S_{-2} S_1 + \frac{3}{8} S_1 S_2$$

DL resummation at $j + 2r = \omega \rightarrow 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma(j)(\omega - \gamma(j)) &= 4\hat{a} (1 - \omega S_1 - \omega^2(S_2 + \zeta_2)) \\ &+ 16\hat{a}^2(S_2 + \zeta_2 - S_1^2) + 4\hat{a} \gamma^2(j)(S_2 + S_{-2}) \end{aligned}$$

Agreement with the double-logarithmic prediction

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{256} \gamma_4|_{j \rightarrow -2k+\omega} = \\ &\frac{5}{\omega^7} - 20 \frac{S_1}{\omega^6} + \frac{24 S_1^2 - 14(S_2 + \zeta_2) + 4(S_2 + S_{-2})}{\omega^5} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

13 Discussion

1. Pomeron as a composite state of reggeized gluons.
2. Integrability of the BFKL dynamics.
3. Properties of the BFKL kernel in $N = 4$ SUSY.
4. Pomeron-graviton interplay
8. Maximal transcendentality.
9. Meromorphic properties of γ .
10. BFKL predictions .
11. Double-logarithmic asymptotics.
12. Next-to-leading DL predictions.
13. Inconsistency of the four-loop result.
14. Wrapping effects and BFKL and DL singularities .